

Progress Report

Interfaith League against Poverty - ILAP



January – February 2006

Contents

| S/No. | | Page No. |
|--------------|--|-----------------|
| 01. | Background | 03 |
| 02. | ILAP initiatives in earthquake response | 03 |
| 03. | Major Projects | 04 |
| 04. | Education | 04 |
| 05. | Major Activities | 05 |
| 06. | Status of CFLS | 06 |
| 07. | Strength of the Learners | 06 |
| 08. | Eid Milan Party | 07 |
| 09. | Details of the newly identified areas for CFLS | 08 |
| 10. | Tentage Village | 09 |
| 11. | Details of the Tentage Village | 09 |
| 12. | List of the Tent Villagers | 09 |
| 13. | Facilities | 11 |
| 14. | Medical Camp | 11 |
| 15. | Sewing Centers | 12 |
| 16. | Targeted areas for the Sewing Centers | 12 |
| 17. | Future Plans | 12 |
| 18. | Human Interest Stories | 13 |
| 19. | Shelter | 17 |
| 20. | Status of Temporary Shelter | 18 |
| 21. | Summary of the Project | 19 |
| 22. | Success Stories | 20 |
| 23. | Cash for Work | 22 |
| 24. | Targeted areas | 22 |
| 25. | Status of work | 23 |
| 26. | Summary of cash for work | 23 |
| 27. | Success Stories | 24 |

BACKGROUND

At the outset of November the official death toll resulting from the massive earthquake in Pakistan at 0855 (local) on Saturday 8th October 2005 measuring 7.6 on the Richter scale was declared to be more than 73,000 (plus 77,000 injured) with many unofficial estimates putting the casualty total in excess of 85,000. The number of homeless survivors is assessed at 3.3 million, with over 4 million people affected by the disaster. In broad terms, the principal impacted regions (i.e. up to 95% of buildings demolished; electricity, water, communication and food supply infrastructure destroyed) in North West Frontier Province and Azad Jammu Kashmir lie northwards of Abbotabad, embracing Mansehra, Muzaffarabad, Balakot, Batagram and the similarly named areas beyond, where many remote communities are inaccessible except by helicopter.

ILAP INITIATIVES IN EARTHQUAKE RESPONSE

This earthquake is said to be the most powerful to hit the region in 100 years, is feared to have killed and injured thousands of people and caused massive destruction in northern Pakistan. ILAP from in its inception has tried its level best to help people in time of need and emergency. Looking at this vast devastation ILAP and its disaster response team had reached in the earthquake hit areas on the very day. Observing and assessing the situation, ILAP has initiated emergency response and launched a participatory strategy to help people at the best level. ILAP strategy remained as followed:

- Rescue
- Emergency Relief Distribution
- Provision of temporary shelter
- Need Assessed Relief Distribution
- Rehabilitation
- Reconstruction

Above mentioned major activities were the strategic processes to respond the earthquake affectees. All of these are continued except the reconstruction because INGOs as well as Government of Pakistan is a bit reluctant to take the decision about reconstruction. There are three major projects going on in District Mansehra Tehsil Balakot. These projects were initiated by looking at the need and feasibility of them.

MAJOR PROJECTS

- Child Friendly Learning Spaces (Primary Education)
- Shelter Kit
- Cash for work
- Support for refugees

1. EDUCATION

It is said and noticed that the majority death toll rate consist of little children who were in the school busy in getting education. A few of them died and some were injured. The educational infrastructure is either completely collapsed or damaged and cracked. Children are very much afraid of the situation and have great fear due to devastation and aftershock. Parents of the children are very much worried and upset to see their children's future at stake. In this connection ILAP-KNH have already worked by opening 02 Child Friendly Learning Spaces in District Mansehra and got a healthy and encouraging appreciation from the community, parents and children. Following were the major activities remained in the month of January and February 2006.

MAJOR ACTIVITIES

- Organized a mega "Eid Milan Party" program for the learners of CFLS with the concept of "life would smile once again" in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot
- Eid gifts were distributed among all the learners of CFLS on the eve of Eid-u-l Uzha.
- Identified three new areas to open up Child Friendly learning spaces
- Conducted surveys in the identified areas to get information about the locale, children and destruction
- Organized parents meeting to get to know about the learners
- Prepared play ground for the learners in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot
- Installed cradles, slides and other means of games for the learners in Balakot and Garhi Habib-u-llah

- Installed 02 big winterized and water proof tents for Computer Centre at Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Batsing – Garhi Habib-u-llah
- Identified the learners for sewing centers at Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Batsing – Garhi Habib-u-llah
- Established 02 sewing centers at Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Batsing – Garhi Habib-u-llah
- Identified well qualified and well experienced instructors for the sewing centers

STATUS OF CFLS

So far, ILAP has established 02 CFLS in Balakot and Mansehra District Mansehra where children are provided a friendly learning environment to get them out from trauma and fear. Children learn by playing games and playing roles. ILAP has provided them basic facilities and entertainment facilities so that the children involve themselves in getting education and get used to come school regularly.



STRENGTH OF THE LEARNERS

| S. No | Areas | Strength | | Total |
|-------|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | Male | Female | |
| 1 | Shohal Najaf Khan | 70 | 67 | 135 |
| 2 | Batsing – Garhi Habib-u-llah | 90 | 62 | 152 |
| | Total | 160 | 129 | 287 |

EID MILAN PARTY

Interfaith League against Poverty – ILAP and Kinder Not Hilfe – KNH celebrated Eid Milan Party on January 21, 2006 in Balakot, one of the severely earthquake hit area. The program was celebrated for little kids of ILAP-KNH Child Friendly Learning Spaces which were located in Balakot and Garhi Habib-u-llah. The program was aimed to share the happiness, joy, love and bring the life back. About 250 learners attended the program. They sung songs, made speeches, shared their sentiments and grief through performing skits and tableaus. Representatives of different international as well as national organizations came to promote the concept of “life would smile once again” and appreciated the excellent performance of toddlers. Parents of the little kids were very pleased to see their little sweethearts smiling once again, dancing, singing, and having fun.



Talking to little kids, INGOs, NGOs and parents the Executive Director of ILAP Mr. Sajid Ishaq thanked all children, representatives of INGOs, NGOs and parents to come and become the part to utilize the concept of the program. He also appreciated children and parents for their



bravery, hope to live again with high sprit and facing this killer earthquake patiently. He told the participant that ILAP mission is to work irrespective of caste, color, creed and language and promote interfaith harmony, religious tolerance, peace and ethnic conflict resolution. In the end of the program, Touseef Haider – Consultant ILAP hosted the program. Sajid Ishaq, touseeq and Guests distributed prizes



among the winners and the participants of Child Friendly Learning Spaces. They were given cups and gifts. Shields and bouquets were awarded to the respected and honorable guests.

DETAILS OF NEWLY IDENTIFIED AREAS FOR CFLS

Looking at the experience and appreciation of local people ILAP identified some other areas to establish other CFLS for little children. Following is the detail of identified areas:

DAMGALA-BASIAN

- Total estimated population of the target area is 3000.
- Total estimated Household of the area is 300 other than migrant people living in the area.
- Site Selection is done along with measurement of the specified site for the child friendly learning space center.
- Education Committee has been established with 5 respectable members from the community and they decided to solve all the relevant problems related to the education affairs and other problems such as water, electricity.
- The list of the children of the area has been taken from the community along with other community members of the community.

KHAWAS

- Total Populations of the area: 800
- Total Household of the area: 90 other than migrant.
- Site Selection for the CFLS is under process.

PAMAIRA

- Total population of the area: 1500
- Total Household of the area: 150
- The site of the Pamaira village is to be visited on Friday 17, 2006.
- The local villagers approached ILAP staff in Shohal Najaf Khan and requested to start the school.

TENTAGE VILLAGE

The number of Internally Dispersed People – IDP was great who were affected by this massive earthquake. Looking at the number and conditions INGOs as well as NGOs decided to accommodate them in tentage village and provide them the best environment and basic needs for survival. In this connection ILAP established a tentage village in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot. All the people targeted for the tent village were either the remote up hilly areas or whose houses were completely destroyed and had no alternative residency. IDPs who were accommodated in this tent village were inhabitants of:

- Shohal Najaf Khan
- Narran
- Kahgan
- Gunhoor
- Soch
- Derseri

Details of Tentage Village

- Total Number of Tents: 44
- Total Number of Families: 44
- Total Number of Beneficiaries 231

LIST OF THE TENT VILLAGERS - SHOHAL NAJAF KHAN BALAKOT

| S.No | Name | Family Members |
|------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 | Wali ur Rehman | 05 |
| 2 | Roshan Jan | 06 |
| 3 | Ghulam Din | 04 |
| 4 | Taj Din | 05 |
| 5 | Sabir Hussain | 06 |
| 6 | Abdul Aziz | 04 |
| 7 | Mohammad Riaz | 05 |
| 8 | Mohammad Nawab | 06 |
| 9 | Bashir | 04 |
| 10 | Wali ur Rehman | 07 |
| 11 | Sabir | 05 |
| 12 | Feroz Khan | 04 |
| 13 | Noor hussain | 05 |
| 14 | Atta ur Rehman | 06 |
| 15 | Naseer Hussain | 07 |
| 16 | Mohammad Taj | 05 |
| 17 | Fazal ur Rehman | 06 |
| 18 | Khushal Khan | 05 |
| 19 | Mohammad Bashir | 05 |
| 20 | Abdul Hameed | 04 |

| | | |
|----|-----------------|----|
| 21 | Mohammad Irfan | 06 |
| 22 | Saeen Mohammad | 02 |
| 23 | Mohammad Ashraf | 04 |
| 24 | Rehmat Din | 06 |
| 25 | Attig ur Rehman | 08 |
| 26 | Mehdi uz Zaman | 05 |
| 27 | Shah Farman | 07 |
| 28 | Mohammad Afsar | 04 |
| 29 | Bibi Hajran | 05 |
| 30 | Mohammad Yousaf | 05 |
| 31 | Ali Zaman | 03 |
| 32 | Mohammad Anwar | 04 |
| 33 | Mir Alam | 05 |
| 34 | Mukhtiar | 06 |
| 35 | Abdul Latif | 03 |
| 36 | Noor zaman | 04 |
| 37 | Basharat | 05 |
| 38 | Pir khan | 06 |
| 39 | Shoukat | 07 |
| 40 | Aurengzaib | 07 |
| 41 | Makhmat Ullah | 06 |
| 42 | Sabkat ullah | 05 |
| 43 | Abdullah | 05 |
| 44 | Saleem Khan | 06 |



Facilities

- CGI Tin Sheets Boundary Wall
- Bathrooms for Male 06
- Bathrooms for Females 06
- Water Filter Tank (For three Hundred Families) 01
- Water Tabs 02
- Play land for children 01
- Distribution food and non food items after 10 days. Food items Include:

- Flour 20 kg
- Ghee 10 kg
- Rice 10kg
- Salt 1 kg
- Tea 1 kg
- Milk 1 kg
- Sugar 5kg
- Matchbox 1 pack
- Pulse 3kg
- Red chillies 1 kg
- Soap 04 pack



Medical Camp

On February 16, 2006 ILAP organized a one day medical camp for the IDPs of ILAP – KNH tent village in kind collaboration with GAN – Global Aid Network. GAN team consisted 01 surgeon, 01 physiotherapist, 01 eye specialist, 03 physicians and 06 lab assistants. GAN medical team checked up the patients and treated them. Medicines were also distributed among them.



SEWING CENTERS

Due to this Killer Earthquake people have lost every thing, which includes lives, infrastructure and livelihood. They have not any means of production to generate income and live life happily. Looking at the currant situation, inhabitants of the community are strongly committed to relive and re back their life once again. In this connection ILAP has established sewing centers in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Bating Garhi Habib-u-llah to provide an oppportunity to generate their income and maintain their households in this time of need and crisis.

TARGETTED AREAS FOR THE SEWING CENTERS:

1. Shohal Najaf Khan
2. Batsing - Garhi Habib-u-llah

Shohal Najaf Khan

As stated earlier there was a great need to provide an oppportunity to the local women to enhance their capacity and utilize their skills to better earn and enhance their income. ILAP installed a big winterize and water proof tent and targeted 35 female learners. ILAP has identified a local female instructor who is well experienced and teach them the skill of cutting and sewing the cloth. Interest of the learners is very good and they are also learning effectively.

Batsing – Garhi Habib-u-llah

Same methodology has been used in the Batsing to identify the need of sewing centers and interest of the females to learn the skill. ILAP identified 40 learners and 01 instructor to train them about this skill. The learners of this center are very interested to learn the sewing work. Instructor teach them cutting, sewing and others techniques related to sewing cloth.

FUTURE PLANS

- Establish 05 CFLS in DAMGALA-BASIAN, KHAWAS, PAMAIRA, KAWAI and AJK
- Establish 02 Adult Education Centers in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Batsing Garhi Habib-u-llah
- Establish 02 Computer Centers equipped with latest technology in Shohal Najaf Khan – Balakot and Batsing Garhi Habib-u-llah
- Establish Industrial Home In Najaf Khan – Balakot
- Conduct examination in CFLS



Human Interest Stories

A Case Study of Misbah – A Learner of Grade ONE

About Misbah:

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Studying: | ILAP-KNH Child Friendly Learning Space since November 15, 2005 |
| Grade: | one |
| Age: | 06 |
| Father's Name: | Mr. Khakan |
| Inhabitant: | Village Naran, Union Council Kaghan, Tehsil Balakot, District Mansehra and Province NWFP |
| Family Structure: | Joint |
| Family Size: | 11 (only Misbah's Family) |
| | Father and mother, four Brothers and five Sisters |
| Misbah's Ambitions: | To become doctor, responsible citizen and serve the nation |
| Misbah's Interest: | Reading general knowledge books, playing games and listening to music |



Life before Earthquake

Misbah with her family and her friends used to live in Naran peacefully and cheerfully. She used to play with dolls and ropes, go to streets and market and buy sweets and cookies, and feed the goats and sheep. She was happy with her life. She had an old father who, most of the time, remain in home and care her family and animals. Her family's source of income was the only her elder brother who would labor in Naran. Her family, according to her parents, was very poor and live life miserably due to short income. Misbah like her brothers and sisters would not attend school because her family was very poor economically and her old father could not afford to send their children to school.

Aftermath of Earthquake

I do not know what had happened but I could say that I had never seen such a terrible situation through out my age, Misbah told. During earthquake she along with her mother and seven siblings was in her home. Her father and elder brother were out of home. The house was made of mud which is called '*KACHA*'. The killer earthquake not only destroyed her Kacha house but also destroyed and damaged the rest of the houses and shops of her village. "Thank God", she says, my all family is safe except my brother who was seriously injured but now he is improving and feeling good. Along with her relatives and village mates they came down from Naran to the Balakot. Most of the families are residing in the village called Shohola Najaf Khan Batrera – Balakot.

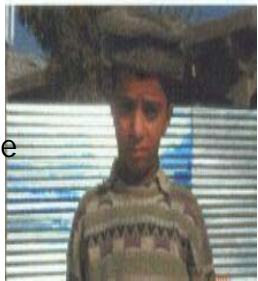
Currant Situation

Due to severe cold and unavailability of permanent shelter her family is experiencing a hard life. Misbah remembers her home, her village and her friends. She says, 'every thing is new and strange. All the people living in this village are living in severe cold.'

The positive thing that she has highlighted is the education. She along with her four brothers and sisters comes in ILAP – KNH Child Friendly Learning Space regularly and gets education in very friendly environment. She has, "education was not possible for me and my siblings. We are very poor and can not afford the educational expenses. This school is very good. It gives us food, toys, books, pencils, sharpeners and school bag and shoe.

Human Interest Stories A Case Study of Moin – A Learner of Grade FOUR

About Moin:

| | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Studying: | ILAP-KNH Child Friendly Learning Space since November 15, 2005 |  |
| Grade: | Four | |
| Age: | 09 | |
| Father's Name: | Mr. Muhammad Maskeen | |
| Inhabitant: | Village Rajwal Naran, Union Council Kaghan, Tehsil Balakot, District Mansehra and Province NWFP | |
| Family Structure: | Joint | |
| Family Size: | 11 (only Moin's Family) | |
| Moin's Ambitions: | Father and mother, four Brothers and five Sisters | |
| Moin's Ambitions: | To become an Army Officer and help people | |
| Moin's Interest: | Playing Cricket, listening to folk music and traveling | |

Life before Earthquake

It was really a very good life before earthquake. We had every facility including house. My father was a contractor in Rawalpindi – Islamabad and would earn a good amount of money. Every weekend he used to come and bring us sweets, cookies and gifts. Every thing was fine before earthquake. I and my all siblings would go to school regularly and enjoy studying. I had good friends and relatives who love me a lot. I was a main player of my school cricket team. I along with my friends used to play cricket everyday. I still miss them the most. I watch dreams about my village life and my days in my village.

Aftermath of Earthquake

At the time of earthquake Moin was in school attending the assembly. All of sudden the earth shook and students started crying and running. We all were scared and confused. We closed our eyes. When we opened our eyes and saw our school it was all broken down. Students were scattered here and there and weeping. There were only rubbles and bricks of destroyed school.

Moin said, "When I came my home I was shocked. I could not see my house any more on the very place where it was constructed. There were only rubles. I was very thankful to God because my all family members were saved. During earthquake my family ran out side and started recitation."

After earthquake we stayed under the open sky. We lived very badly because we had nothing to cover our heads. There was no shelter, no food, no water and nothing to survive. We lived in this way for ten days and after than thank to our uncle who send us a tent. We spend other ten to thirteen days in the tent.


Currant Situation

Moin with his family has migrated from his native village to Shohola Najaf Khan – Balakot. He is residing in the tent and studying in the ILAP – KNH Child Friendly Learning Space. He says that it is sever cold to reside in the tent. This earthquake has changed our life. All the villagers are looking for help because they have nothing to do. They have lost their shops, fertile land, business and other source of income. It is very difficult now to bring back the old routine of life. But I am happy because for a month I and my brothers and sisters were not going to school but thanks to ILAP and KNH who has opened up an excellent tentage school where we learn through various games in a friendly environment. He says, "This earthquake has brought a drastic change in our family. We will never forget its impact for the generation.

Human Interest Stories

A Case Study of Baserat – A Learner of Grade ONE

About Baserat:

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Studying: | ILAP-KNH Child Friendly Learning Space since November 15, 2005 |  |
| Grade: | one | |
| Age: | 05 | |
| Father's Name: | Mr. Noor Zaman | |
| Inhabitant: | Village Naran, Union Council Kaghan, Tehsil Balakot, District Mansehra and Province NWFP | |
| Family Structure: | Joint | |
| Family Size: | 06 (only Baserat's Family) | |
| Baserat's Ambitions: | Father and mother, one Brother and two Sisters | |
| Baserat's Ambitions: | To become teacher, want to do some thing for poor people | |
| Baserat's Interest: | Playing with dolls, doing household work, traveling and dressing | |

Life before Earthquake

Baserat's family was very poor because her only father was the sole breadwinner of the family. Her father was a mason and would labor on the daily basis in his native town Naran. She said that if my father had got any work, he brings money otherwise he sits in home idly. We had been living in critical economic conditions. Nor I neither my siblings attend school because of poverty. What ever my father earns by labor he spends in daily home expenses. It was very difficult for my father to send us school. She told that we had a fertile piece of land where my father cultivates seasonal crops. The crop is used for home only.

Aftermath of earthquake

Baserat along with her mother and siblings was in the home when earthquake was observed. Her father was in the field and busy doing usual work. Baserat told that when earthquake shook the earth I could not know what had happened because I had lost my senses. I cried, wept and ran out of home. It was all strange and abrupt that no one knows what is going on. I had seen my home collapsing down and broken into pieces. My mother tried to run out of home but the roof of the home fell down over her. She cried and wept. She was alive but there was no one to help. She died after a while. No one knew about my father for the three days but after the next to three days when crane was moving the rubles and stones to clean the spaces and roads my father was found dead

under the rubbles. He came under the land sliding stones. She along with her brother and sisters is residing with her uncle and aunt.

Current Situation

Baserat along with her siblings and uncle had migrated from Naran to Shohola Najaf Khan – Balakot. She is living in this town for two months. She misses her father and mother most of the time. According to their uncle and aunt, “She was upset and remained silent but now when she has started going to school. She feels good and goes to school regularly.”

2. SHELTER

Eye witnesses of the earthquake are of the view that the life scenario has been completely changed. They have no homes to reside, no place to protect their luggage and cattle and no school for children to give education. Every thing has been either destroyed or damaged. Due to this huge devastation they are facing lots of problems. The nature and kind of problem varies from sex to sex and age to age.



ILAP staff along with its volunteer's team conducted a survey of different villages of Balakot to assess the need of temporary shelter. ILAP staff met the resource persons of the respected areas to collect the information regarding the temporary shelter. ILAP team organized the indigenous group meetings for survey analysis with the resource persons and identified the names of the villages. In every area focus group discussions were conducted to collect huge information about the model, size and way of the temporary shelter. During FGD, ILAP discussed the respective members of the community about the different shelter models, showed them pictures, and shared them the expenditure which would be used and the size of the tin sheet. It was on the agenda of the survey to locate those communities and people who are far away from the city and have immediate need of temporary shelter.



Three teams of three members in each area were formed to conduct the survey in an organized and systematic way. In every team there was a group leader who was responsible in front of the team leader. They went door to door, house to house and family to family to observe the actual situation. The group leaders filled questionnaires and after filling the questionnaire group leader issued a coupon to the identified needy family. The coupon means the family is conformed for temporary shelter.

After identifying the families ILAP selected some local literate persons to work with ILAP on the voluntarily basis. With their help, different teams from with in the inhabitants were formed to better manage and finish the project on the targeted date. The teams were:

- Logistics team
- Identifying skilled as well as unskilled labor team
- Record keeping team

This method was, though, time taking and tiring but was appreciated by the local people and other humanitarian organization because this procedure provided the information and helped to identify the neediest one.



STATUS OF TEMPORARY SHELTER

Targeted Areas

- Khawas
- Narrah
- Chapar Gali
- Nawa Garan
- Shohola Najaf
- Pattan Khurd

Summary of the Project

| Village Name | Families | Beneficiaries |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Khawas | 90 | 630 |
| Narrah | 188 | 1316 |
| Chapar Gali | 48 | 336 |
| Nawa Garan | 62 | 434 |
| Shohola Najaf | 59 | 413 |
| Pattan Khurd – SP | 98 | 686 |
| Tent age Village Boundary | 45 | 280 |
| CFLS-Balakot | _____ | 147 |
| CFLS-Garhi Habib-u-Allah | _____ | 152 |
| Total | 600 | 4,394 |



SUCCESS STORIES – SHELTER

“I can never forget the day when things changed with in seconds. It was like a hell, no one knew what is going on and what would happen. Every one was crying for rescue, weeping for beloved ones and loudly reciting the holy verses from the Quran. I thought that it is end of the world,” Said Muhammad Maskeen Khan.

Muhammad Maskeen Khan 52 is the inhabitant of Narrah. Narrah is a little village and one of the union council in Tehsil Balakot District Mansehra. It is divided into two segments namely upper Narrah and lower Narrah. This area is said to be the one of the worst affected due to the Killer earthquake which happened on October 08, 2005 at 0855.



Muhammad Maskeen Khan and his family have been living here from forefathers. He is farmer by profession. He lives with his wife, three daughters and two sons. He had a beautiful house before earthquake and would live lie comfortably and peacefully. He said, “Even though I had not built up my house with cement and graders but it was good for my family because what ever my financial position was, the house was a paradise for us.” While talking about the devastation and destruction occurred due to this sever earthquake he is of the view that no one had thought that the earthquake would hit the area and it would snatch every thing from us, our beloved ones, our houses, our shops, our cattle, our water, our schools, our roads and our markets. After earthquake our lives had been

changed abruptly because we were poor and had not any saving to buy tents, food, kitchen sets, blankets and etc. we all were very worried. There were certain various things in our mind. We were thinking what to do, dig the graves, bury the dead bodies, and rescue our relatives or search for the food and shelter.

The major problems that we faced in initial stage were the food and temporary shelter but thanks to all the people, organizations and army of Pakistan who really helped us and encouraged to live once again. As time passed the weather changed and we faced lots of problem due to sever cold and rain. Our tents could not survive. At this time of critical situation ILAP shelter team targeted our village and provided us CGI sheets. They met us and formed a local people team. I worked myself and established my home from the given CGI sheets. It is better than the tent. It is warm, secure and comfortable. It looks like a room of my previous house. My children are feeling good to reside in the shelter because the tent had a little space and little capacity as for as my family is concerned.



Bewa Pari Jan (Widow) 48 years old is the inhabitant of Khawas. This village was the first targeted area of ILAP because after assessing the needs, problems and requirements ILAP team decided to intervene into it and assist people. In assessment ILAP found that this village is mostly neglected by humanitarian aid because the village is situated on the far from the road side and the path that leads towards the village is more or less difficult to reach at them. They had not road and plan area which can help any vehicle to target them. ILAP targeted this village and talked to people regarding the CGI temporary shelter.

Pari Jan's husband died some 5 years ago. She had two daughters only. She has also brothers but she lives separately from them. Before earthquake she had her house and lived with her daughters but now due to earthquake she had lost her house and everything else, she thinks herself as the most misfortunate woman in the village because she has neither husband nor a young son who could help her in taking relief items, tents and other things required by the family. ILAP shelter team targeted her and provided the CGI sheets and the labor. ILAP paid the laborers in establishing her temporary shelter. She feels so good and happy and



commented that I am really happy by the ILAP efforts because I had a great need of the shelter. I had only a small tent which was not good because it was not protective from rain and cold. I am an old woman and living a miserable life due to this severe cold. Tent had not a sense of a residency or room. In this shelter there is privacy and I and my daughters can live comfortably. We also cook meals in the shelter and eat there. I think this shelter is a blessing for my family because it is good and looks like a room.



3. CASH FOR WORK

Economic activities in the affected areas were totally halt due to the earthquake because the killer earthquake had destroyed infrastructure, lives and all the source of income generation. The entire livelihood activities were halted as none of the income resources was in progress. People working in the different offices were jobless as no single building was worth using. Many of the people were working in other cities of Pakistan and they had to rush back to their homes and due to the condition after the earthquake they were unable to continue their jobs. In agricultural prospect it was an up hill task to cultivate the crops and



vegetables due to deficiency of water and other agricultural machinery. Looking at the said scenario ILAP determined to help people and provide them an opportunity to earn by doing some work. This is the reason that ILAP have Initiated “Cash for Work” project in the earthquake affected areas. ILAP identified the areas and talked to people about this concept and told them the advantages and profits of this concept if it is utilized. So for ILAP has targeted the following areas and activities regarding Cash for Work Project:

Targeted Areas

- Khawas
- Upper Narrah
- Batrasah
- Shohal Najaf Khan



Status of Work

| | |
|--|-------------|
| ▪ Water supply in Batrasah | Completed |
| ▪ Temporary Shelter Structure installation in Khawas | Completed |
| ▪ Debris Cleaning in Upper Narrah | in progress |
| ▪ Debris Cleaning in Rattar | Completed |
| ▪ Debris Cleaning in Maidan | Completed |
| ▪ Debris Cleaning in Garan | in progress |
| Total labor employed | 140 |
| Total Number of streets cleaned | 30 |
| Estimated measurement of the street | 1800 sft |

Summary of Cash for Work

| | |
|--|------|
| ▪ Total number of areas to be targeted | 06 |
| ▪ Total Number of Households | 1637 |
| ▪ Total Number of Direct Beneficiaries | 3967 |
| ▪ Total Number of streets cleaned | 30 |
| ▪ Number of streets to be cleaned | 60 |
| ▪ Total number of labor employed (area wise) | 60 |



Success Stories - Cash for Work

NAME: **Omar Din**
Father's Name: Gul Zaman
Age: 18 yrs
Occupation: laborer



Omar Din was one of those people who have lost everything in devastated earthquake. In early days situation was very much miserable for him as he lost all his resources and it was his compulsion to bear lot of harsh things for his survival. But he kept confidence on his fate and made himself a man who can't be retreated by external forces.

ILAP cash for work team introduced water supply scheme from Katha Dara to Shohal Najaf Khan and he registered himself as a laborer in this project as he was the local inhabitant of that area. This was the big turn not only for his personal life but for his family as well. He started getting pay for his work in every week and his level of self confidence also increased in significant way. Now he can meet his daily personal expenses and also can fulfill the demands of his

family. After loosing everything now he has a strong reason to think about his future. He is standing on his feet and he can make his own way of earning.

Name: **Mohammad Saleem**
 Father's name: Mir Alam
 Age: 16Yrs
 Occupation: Laborer



Mohammad Saleem was also local inhabitant of Shohal Najaf Khan. His life was also in miseries and pain after earthquake. His family not only lost their house but all their resources of livelihood and income as well. So they were compelled to start their lives from nothing.

Though his family got sufficient amount of relief assistance from different public and private sectors, but they were unable to bear their daily expenses due to shortage of money. In order to cop with critical economic situation Saleem decided to register himself as a laborer in ILAP cash for work project regarding debris removal.

Things started to move toward betterment, his self dependency level also increased and he gained lot of encouragement through working. Now he is getting pay on weekly basis and his family is very much satisfied with his present economic condition. In this regard local community's attitude toward laborers is also matter of pride, not only for him but his whole team as well.

Future Plans

- 1- **Open 05 more Child Friendly Learning Spaces in NWFP and AJK**
- 2- **Establish Industrial Home for women in Balakot where they could learn live skills as well as earn their livelihood**
- 3- **Reconstruct 10 primary schools in different areas**
- 4- **Reconstruct X number of houses depending on available funds**
- 5- **Continue working in these areas on Rehabilitation such as;**
 - a. **Child Protection**
 - b. **Micro-Finance**
 - c. **Education**
 - d. **Peacebuilding**
 - e. **Infrastructure**